## Amendments to the Claims:

The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

- 1-10. (Canceled)
- 11. (Currently Amended) A mat for reducing the disturbance of particulate matter by wind created during the landing of a helicopter on the mat when the mat is placed on the particulate matter, the mat-including comprising:
  - (a) a first wind permeable layer of mesh material; and
  - (b) a second wind permeable layer of mesh material, wherein:

the first layer is held in a substantially fixed position on top of the second layer without an intervening layer between the first and second layers, and the first layer is attached to the second layer in a peripheral region;

the first and second <u>layer\_layers</u> of mesh material <u>is\_each are a knitted material</u> with an average stitch length of between 2 mm and 6 mm;

the average separation between the first layer and the second layer is between 2 mm and 10 mm;

each layer of the mesh material has a porosity of between 10% and 50%, the porosity being the proportion of surface area of the mesh material which consists of holes rather than fibers; and

each layer of the mesh material has a wind attenuation factor of between 40% and 80% for wind directed at right angles onto the mesh material at 50 km/h based on the average stitch length, the average separation, and the porosity of the first and second mesh layers.

- 12. (Canceled)
- 13. (Previously Presented) The mat according to claim 11 wherein each layer of mesh material is formed from plastics fibers.

- 14-15. (Canceled)
- 16. (Previously Presented) A helicopter landing mat, including one or more mats according to claim 11, further comprising a peripheral region which has a greater mass per unit area than the combined mass per unit area of each layer of the mesh material.
- 17. (Previously Presented) The helicopter landing mat according to claim 16, wherein the mat has a length and a width which exceed the rotor span of a helicopter.
- 18. (Withdrawn) A method of reducing the disturbance of particulate matter on a surface by wind, including the steps of:
  - (a) covering the surface with the mat of claim 11; and
- (b) fixing the mat to the surface at a plurality of points around the periphery of the mat.
- 19. (Withdrawn-Currently Amended) The method according to claim 18, wherein each layer of the mesh material is a knitted material made from plastics-fibres\_fibres\_with average stitch length of between 2 mm and 6 mm, and the average separation between the first and second layer is between 2 mm and 10 mm, and each layer of the mesh material has a porosity of between 10% and 50% and a wind attenuation factor of between 40% and 80% for wind directed at right angles onto the mesh material at 50km/h.
- 20. (New) A helicopter landing mat for reducing the disturbance of particulate matter by wind created during the landing of a helicopter on the helicopter landing mat when the helicopter landing mat is placed on the particulate matter,

wherein the helicopter landing mat has a size of at least 49 square meters; the helicopter landing mat comprising:

at least one mat, the at least one mat comprising:

- (a) a first wind permeable layer of mesh material; and
- (b) a second wind permeable layer of mesh material, wherein:

the first layer is held in a substantially fixed position on top of the second layer without an intervening layer between the first and second layers, and the first layer is attached to the second layer in a peripheral region;

the first and second layers of mesh material each are a knitted material with an average stitch length of between 2 mm and 6 mm;

the average separation between the first layer and the second layer is between 2 mm and 10 mm;

each layer of the mesh material has a porosity of between 10% and 50%, the porosity being the proportion of surface area of the mesh material which consists of holes rather than fibers; and

each layer of the mesh material has a wind attenuation factor of between 40% and 80% for wind directed at right angles onto the mesh material at 50 km/h based on the average stitch length, the average separation, and the porosity of the first and second mesh layers.

- 21. (New) The helicopter landing mat of claim 20, wherein the helicopter landing mat is comprised of a single mat.
- 22. (New) The helicopter landing mat of claim 20, wherein the helicopter landing mat is comprised of a plurality of said mats.
- 23. (New) The helicopter landing mat of claim 22, wherein the plurality of mats comprises at least 9 of said mats.